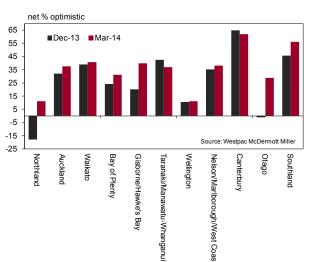
## **V**estpac

## Institutional Bank

# **The bright side of life** Q1 regional economic confidence

- Economic confidence in Canterbury remains the highest in the country. Confidence fell in just two regions.
- And with the economy continuing to strengthen, optimists now outnumber pessimists in all regions for the first time since late 2009.
- There were sharp improvements in confidence in Otago and Northland this quarter, while confidence remains high in regions where the dairy industry plays an important role.



#### Regional economic confidence

#### Regional economic confidence\*

Region	Regional economic confidence (%)		
	Dec-13	Mar-14	Change
Northland	-18	11	29
Auckland	32	37	5
Waikato	39	41	2
Bay of Plenty	24	31	7
Gisborne/Hawke's Bay	20	40	20
Taranaki/Manawatu-Whanganui	42	37	-5
Wellington	11	11	0
Nelson/Marlborough/West Coast	35	38	3
Canterbury	65	62	-3
Otago	-1	29	30
Southland	46	56	10
Nationwide	28	37	9

Source: Westpac McDermott Miller

\*Regional economic confidence is the balance of households expecting good, as opposed to bad, economic times in their region over the coming year, as a percentage of total number of households. Sample sizes, and margins of error, vary by region. The national average is weighted by the share of each region in the total population. The survey was conducted over 1-10 March, with a total sample size of 1594.

This quarter's Westpac McDermott Miller Regional Confidence survey emphasises the broad-based nature of recent improvements in the New Zealand economy. Right around the country households' confidence in their own region is growing. Just a little over a year ago there were significant divergences in economic confidence across regions, with broad daylight separating the very optimistic outlook in Auckland and Canterbury from the more cautious stance throughout rest of the country. As the economic recovery has continued to strengthen, helped by very strong prices for New Zealand's key commodity exports, this gap has now narrowed considerably. This quarter, optimists outnumbered pessimists in all regions for the first time since late 2009.

Economic confidence in Canterbury does still remain the standout. The region has now been the most optimistic in

the country for seven consecutive quarters as the enormous earthquake recovery task continues to progress. Taking second and third spots respectively were Southland and Waikato – two regions where the dairy industry plays a vital role in the local economy. However while Southlanders were noticably more confident in March than December, confidence remains below its heights of 6 months ago in the Waikato, perhaps an indication that the extremely dry conditions in parts of the region are taking the gloss off the record dairy payout for some farmers. Economic confidence has picked up strongly in Otago this quarter, perhaps a response to talk around the prospect of an oil and gas industry developing in the region.

### **Regional Roundup**

**Northland:** Economic confidence has improved in Northland over recent quarters, and in March, optimists outnumbered pessimists for the first time since December 2009. Unemployment in the region has fallen over the last year, while the housing market looks to be gradually improving after a long period in the doldrums.

**Auckland:** Economic confidence in Auckland ticked higher in March, despite the Reserve Bank's restrictions on low equity lending clearly slowing the housing market in the region. Perhaps the gradual improvement in employment prospects is providing an offset. Employment growth in the region has picked up, pushing the unemployment rate down to its lowest level since mid-2009. Growth in consent issuance also points to further improvement in building activity over the coming months with activity bolstered by growth in the apartment sector.

**Waikato:** Waikato remains one of the most upbeat regions of the country – no surprise given forecasts of a record dairy payout this season. However some parts of the region have experienced very dry conditions in recent months and this may be one reason economic confidence remains below the levels recorded six months ago.

**Bay of Plenty:** Economic confidence improved for the fourth consecutive quarter in the Bay of Plenty. The improved outlook for the Kiwifruit industry, favourable climatic conditions for dairy farmers and growth in building activity in the region have all no doubt played a role.

**Gisborne/Hawke's Bay:** Economic confidence rose strongly in the Gisborne/Hawke's Bay region, perhaps helped by positive expectations for the 2014 grape harvest. Improvements in beef and lamb prices will also be benefitting the region's farmers. While still noticeably above the nationwide average, the unemployment rate has fallen over the last year. Taranaki/Manawatu-Whanganui: Despite the strong outlook for the dairy industry, economic confidence in Taranaki/ Manawatu-Whanganui fell a little this quarter. It's difficult to point to a particular cause, with many of the key regional indicators improving broadly in line with nationwide trends. The Taranaki housing market has been relatively buoyant over the last year, in contrast to Whanganui where house prices have fallen over the last 12 months.

**Wellington:** Economic confidence in Wellington has lagged the national average for over a year as the government's continued drive for fiscal belt-tightening permeated employment and growth prospects in the region. However economic confidence has gradually improved as the wider New Zealand economy has picked up, the unemployment rate has fallen, and there has been modest growth in house prices.

**Nelson/Marlborough/West Coast:** In this diverse region, economic confidence has continued to steadily improve and is now at its highest level since December 2009. With factors such as the second lowest unemployment rate in the country, and a solid outlook for the agriculture, horticulture and viticulture industries, this comes as little surprise.

**Canterbury:** Despite easing a touch this quarter, economic confidence in Canterbury remains streets ahead of any other region in New Zealand. The rebuild is powering ahead, and the income boost flowing to the increasingly important dairy sector should support rural activity in the region.

**Otago:** After lagging much of the rest of country over the course of 2013, economic confidence in Otago surged this quarter. It's possible that the hunt for oil and gas off the coast has made people more optimistic about economic growth prospects in the region. In addition, labour market conditions have improved over 2013.

**Southland:** Economic confidence in Southland rose again this quarter, to its highest level since in two and a half years. Dairy is clearly an important part of the outlook for the region, and expectations of a record payout this season will have many in the region smiling.

### Consumer confidence: regional breakdown

Consumer confidence by region

Region	Consumer confidence index		
	Dec-13	Mar-14	Change
Northland	115.2	123.4	8.2
Auckland	122.6	126.5	3.8
Waikato	120.6	124.3	3.7
Bay of Plenty	118.2	111.0	-7.2
Gisborne/Hawke's Bay	116.8	116.2	-0.5
Taranaki/Manawatu-Whanganui	124.4	115.1	-9.2
Wellington	119.5	116.8	-2.7
Nelson/Marlborough/West Coast	116.0	120.0	4.0
Canterbury	122.5	125.2	2.7
Otago	107.4	115.7	8.3
Southland	110.5	122.0	11.5
Nationwide	120.1	121.7	1.6

In this bulletin we also report on the regional breakdown of the Westpac McDermott Miller Consumer Confidence Index. Separately from the Regional Economic Confidence Survey, the Consumer Confidence Index summarises responses to questions about households' own financial situation, their expectations for the New Zealand economy as a whole, and their current willingness to buy a major household item.

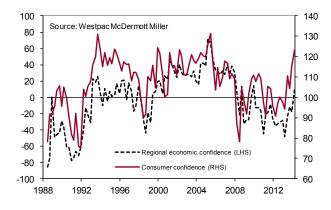
There were mixed outturns in consumer confidence this quarter. Consumer confidence rose in seven regions and fell in the Bay of Plenty, Gisborne/Hawke's Bay, Taranaki/ Manuwatu-Whanganui and Wellington. However, optimists continue to outnumber pessimists in all regions.

There was a widespread improvement in people's outlook for the general economy. Only in the Bay of Plenty and Wellington were people less optimistic about the outlook for the economy over either over the near or medium term than last quarter. People's assessment of their own financial situation showed mixed changes. In most regions people's assessment of their present financial situation was more upbeat than three months ago (the exceptions were Taranaki/Manuwatu-Whanganui and Southland) however they were a bit more cautious about the outlook for their own finances in seven of the twelve regions, possibly an indication that thoughts of rising interest rates are starting to seep into people's consciousness.

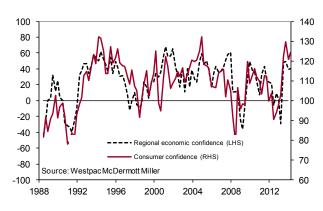
#### Anne Boniface

Senior Economist

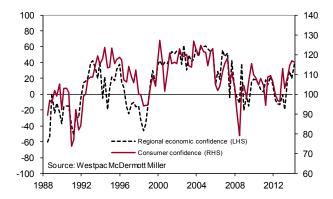
#### Northland



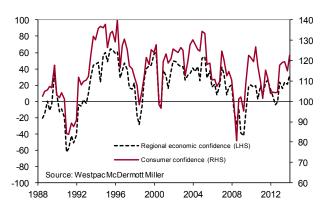
Waikato



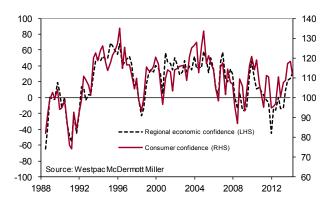
Gisborne/Hawke's Bay



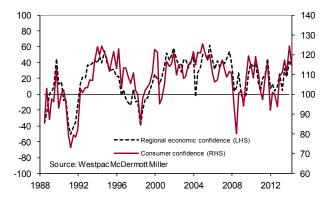
Auckland



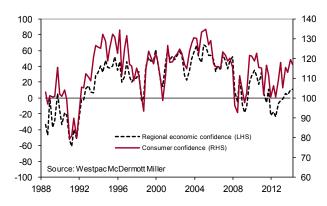
**Bay of Plenty** 



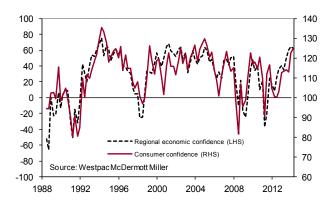
Taranaki/Manawatu-Whanganui



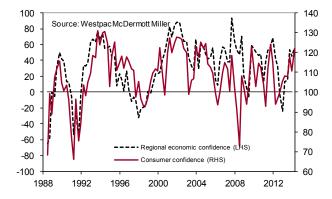




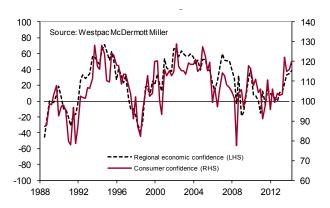
Canterbury



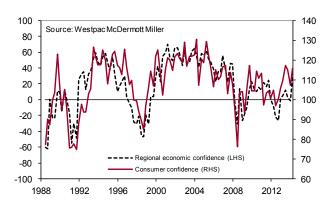
#### Southland



Nelson/Marlborough/West Coast



Otago



# Westpac economics team contact details

Dominick Stephens, Chief Economist +64 9 336 5671

Michael Gordon, Senior Economist +64 9 336 5670

Felix Delbrück, Senior Economist +64 9 336 5668

Anne Boniface, Senior Economist +64 9 336 5669

Any questions email: economics@westpac.co.nz

For email address changes contact: WNZResearch@westpac.co.nz

# Disclaimer

Things you should know: Each time someone visits our site, data is captured so that we can accurately evaluate the quality of our content and make improvements for you. We may at times use technology to capture data about you to help us to better understand you and your needs, including potentially for the purposes of assessing your individual reading habits and interests to allow us to provide suggestions regarding other reading material which may be suitable for you.

If you are located in Australia, this material and access to this website is provided to you solely for your own use and in your own capacity as a wholesale client of Westpac Institutional Bank being a division of Westpac Banking Corporation ABN 33 007 457 141 AFSL 233714 ('Westpac'). If you are located outside of Australia, this material and access to this website is provided to you as outlined below.

This material and this website contain general commentary only and does not constitute investment advice. Certain types of transactions, including those involving futures, options and high yield securities give rise to substantial risk and are not suitable for all investors. We recommend that you seek your own independent legal or financial advice before proceeding with any investment decision. This information has been prepared without taking account of your objectives, financial situation or needs. This material and this website may contain material provided by third parties. While such material is published with the necessary permission none of Westpac or its related entities accepts any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any such material. Although we have made every effort to ensure the information is free from error, none of Westpac or its related entities warrants the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the information, or otherwise endorses it in any way. Except where contrary to law, Westpac and its related entities intend by this notice to exclude liability for the information. The information is subject to change without notice and none of Westpac or its related entities is under any obligation to update the information or correct any inaccuracy which may become apparent at a later date. The information contained in this material and this website does not constitute an offer, a solicitation of an offer, or an inducement to subscribe for, purchase or sell any financial instrument or to enter a legally binding contract. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. The forecasts given in this material and this website are predictive in character. Whilst every effort has been taken to ensure that the assumptions on which the forecasts are based are reasonable, the forecasts may be affected by incorrect assumptions or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. The ultimate outcomes may differ substantially from these forecasts.

Transactions involving carbon give rise to substantial risk (including regulatory risk) and are not suitable for all investors. We recommend that you seek your own independent legal or financial advice before proceeding with any investment decision. This information has been prepared without taking account of your objectives, financial situation or needs. Statements setting out a concise description of the characteristics of carbon units, Australian carbon credit units and eligible international emissions units (respectively) are available at www.cleanenergyregulator.gov.au as mentioned in section 202 of the Clean Energy Act 2011, section 162 of the Carbon Credits (Carbon Farming Initiative) Act 2011 and section 61 of the Australian National Registry of Emissions Units Act 2011. You should consider each such statement in deciding whether to acquire, or to continue to hold, any carbon unit, Australian carbon credit unit or eligible international emissions unit.

#### Additional information if you are located outside of Australia

**New Zealand:** The current disclosure statement for the New Zealand division of Westpac Banking Corporation ABN 33 007 457 141 or Westpac New Zealand Limited can be obtained at the internet address www.westpac.co.nz. Westpac Institutional Bank products and services are provided by either Westpac Banking Corporation ABN 33 007 457 141 incorporated in Australia (New Zealand division) or Westpac New Zealand Limited. For further information please refer to the Product Disclosure Statement (available from your Relationship Manager) for any product for which a Product Disclosure Statement is required, or applicable customer agreement. Download the Westpac NZ QFE Group Financial Advisers Act 2008 Disclosure Statement at www.westpac.co.nz.

**China, Hong Kong, Singapore and India:** Westpac Singapore Branch holds a wholesale banking licence and is subject to supervision by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Westpac Hong Kong Branch holds a banking license and is subject to supervision by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. Westpac Hong Kong branch also holds a license issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (SFC) for Type 1 and Type 4 regulated activity.

## Disclaimer continued

Westpac Shanghai and Beijing Branches hold banking licenses and are subject to supervision by the China Banking Regulatory Commission (CBRC). Westpac Mumbai Branch holds a banking license from Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and subject to regulation and supervision by the RBI.

U.K.: Westpac Banking Corporation is registered in England as a branch (branch number BR000106), and is authorised and regulated by the Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority in Australia. WBC is authorised in the United Kingdom by the Prudential Regulation Authority. WBC is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority in the United Kingdom. Details about the extent of our regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority are available from us on request. Westpac Europe Limited is a company registered in England (number 05660023) and is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority. This material and this website and any information contained therein is directed at a) persons who have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within Article 19(1) of the Financial Services Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 or (b) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may otherwise be lawfully communicated, falling within Article 49(1) of the Order (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons"). The investments to which this material and this website relates are only available to and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or otherwise acquire such investments will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely upon this material and this website or any of its contents. In the same way, the information contained in this material and this website is intended for "eligible counterparties" and "professional clients" as defined by the rules of the Financial Services Authority and is not intended for "retail clients". With this in mind, Westpac expressly prohibits you from passing on the information in this material and this website to any third party. In particular this material and this website. website content and, in each case, any copies thereof may not be taken. transmitted or distributed, directly or indirectly into any restricted jurisdiction.

**U.S.:** Westpac operates in the United States of America as a federally licensed branch, regulated by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency. Westpac is also registered with the US Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") as a Swap Dealer, but is neither registered as, or affiliated with, a Futures Commission Merchant registered with the US CFTC. Westpac Capital Markets, LLC ('WCM'), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Westpac, is a broker-dealer registered under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ('the Exchange Act') and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ('FINRA'). This communication is provided for distribution to U.S. institutional investors in reliance on the exemption from registration provided by Rule 15a-6 under the Exchange Act and is not subject to all of the independence and disclosure standards applicable to debt research reports prepared for retail investors in the United States. WCM is the U.S. distributor of this communication and accepts responsibility for the contents of this communication. If you would like to speak to someone regarding any security mentioned herein, please contact WCM on +1 212 389 1269. All disclaimers set out with respect to Westpac apply equally to WCM.

Investing in any non-U.S. securities or related financial instruments mentioned in this communication may present certain risks. The securities of non-U.S. issuers may not be registered with, or be subject to the regulations of, the SEC in the United States. Information on such non-U.S. securities or related financial instruments may be limited. Non-U.S. companies may not be subject to audit and reporting standards and regulatory requirements comparable to those in effect in the United States. The value of any investment or income from any securities or related derivative instruments denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollars is subject to exchange rate fluctuations that may have a positive or adverse effect on the value of or income from such securities or related derivative instruments.

The author of this communication is employed by Westpac and is not registered or qualified as a research analyst, representative, or associated person under the rules of FINRA, any other U.S. self-regulatory organisation, or the laws, rules or regulations of any State. Unless otherwise specifically stated, the views expressed herein are solely those of the author and may differ from the information, views or analysis expressed by Westpac and/or its affiliates.

For the purposes of Regulation AC only: Each analyst whose name appears in this report certifies that (1) the views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal views of the analyst about any and all of the subject companies and their securities and (2) no part of the compensation of the analyst was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly related to the specific views or recommendations in this report.